This guide provides the University of Wisconsin Oshkosh community with a quick reference that can be used to prepare for and respond to an emergency on campus. We encourage you to review and become familiar with this guide before an emergency occurs. Communities and individuals are most effective in an emergency when they are prepared.

This document does not cover every emergency that might arise. If you are unsure of what to do in your building, please contact University Police at (920) 424-1212.

UW Oshkosh uses the TitanAlert system to reach the campus community with emergency information. TitanAlert messages may be sent or posted through multiple channels, including text messages, email, electronic signage on campus and the University website, emergency.uwosh.edu/. (You can sign up for this service by clicking the TitanAlert icon on this website.)

Additional copies are available from the University Police (424-1216), the Administrative Services/Risk Management Department (424-3990), Integrated Marketing Communications (424-2442), online at emergency.uwosh.edu or in the UW mobile app.

This copy replaces previous revisions.
Reporting Emergencies

When to DIAL 911:
Call 911 in all emergencies.
Note: Dial 9-911 from a University phone.

What is an emergency?
An emergency is any immediate threat to life and/or property that requires immediate response from police, fire or Emergency Medical Services. Some examples of emergencies are crimes in progress, any kind of fire or a serious injury or illness. If you are not sure if an incident falls into an emergency classification, feel free to call 911, when an immediate response is needed. University Police can be reached at 424-1212; dial 1212 from a University phone.

How should I report an emergency?
• Stay on the line with the dispatcher.
• Provide the address, location and a description of the emergency.
• Provide the phone number at your location.
• Provide a thorough description of the incident to assure appropriate resources are dispatched.

Non-Emergency Telephone Numbers
The following telephone numbers are provided for non-emergency situations. Using these numbers will provide a prompt response from the responsible agency, while keeping 911 lines free for emergencies. All 911 calls are voice and TDD/TTY (for hearing impaired).

University Police non-emergency................. (920) 424-1212
Risk Management/Administrative Services… (920) 424-1009
or (920) 424-3990
Facilities............................................. (920) 424-3466
Bomb Threats

Follow these instructions in the event that you receive a telephone bomb threat:

• **Listen to the caller carefully and write down what you are told.** Always remember to ask the caller when and where the device is supposed to activate. Try to fill out as much of the information on the form below, but don’t be surprised if the caller simply hangs up before you can react. This is typical.

• **Do not panic.** The vast majority of phoned-in bomb threats are pranks.

• **Call 911** and report what the caller said. Stay on the telephone with the dispatcher. You may receive instructions from the dispatcher or an officer over the phone, depending on the circumstances. An officer will always be dispatched immediately to meet with you.

• **Do not activate a fire alarm** unless told to do so by an officer or the dispatcher. The University and local police departments follow specific procedures regarding bomb threat response and evacuations. Building evacuations will be conducted only if ordered by the person in charge of the incident.

• **If you are told to evacuate**, close your room door but do not lock it. Take lunches, purses, backpacks and personal packages (as they could be mistaken for concealed explosives) and exit the building. Move well away from the building (minimum 500 feet is recommended) for your safety. Stay away from windows.

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**When to DIAL 911:**

Call 911 in all emergencies.

Note: Dial 9-911 from a University phone.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Questions to ask</th>
<th>Evaluating the caller’s voice</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. When is the bomb going to explode?</td>
<td>Accent (specify)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Where did you put the bomb?</td>
<td>Voice (loud, soft, etc.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>3. When did you put it there?</td>
<td>Speech (fast, slow, etc.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. What does the bomb look like?</td>
<td>Diction (clear, muffled)</td>
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<tr>
<td>5. What kind of bomb is it?</td>
<td>Manner (calm, emotional)</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. What will make the bomb explode?</td>
<td>Did you recognize the voice?</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. Did you place the bomb?</td>
<td>If so, who do you think it was?</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. Why did you place the bomb?</td>
<td>Was caller familiar with the area?</td>
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<tr>
<td>9. What is your name?</td>
<td>Threat language:</td>
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<tr>
<td>10. Where are you?</td>
<td>Well-spoken</td>
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<td>11. What is your address?</td>
<td>Incoherent</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Irrational</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Taped</td>
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<td>Abusive</td>
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<td>Other</td>
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<th>Background noises:</th>
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<td>Street noises</td>
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<td>Voices</td>
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<tr>
<th>Exact wording of the threat:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Music</td>
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<tr>
<td>Machinery</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local call [ ] Long distance [ ]</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sex of caller</td>
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<tr>
<td>Estimated age</td>
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<th>Call taken:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
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<tr>
<td>Time</td>
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<tr>
<td>Duration of call</td>
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<td>Number called</td>
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<th>Recipient:</th>
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<td>Name (print)</td>
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<td>Telephone number</td>
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<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
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Remember — stay calm and do not hang up.

Bomb Threat
Chemical or Hazardous Waste Spill

• Keep people away from the spill.

• If you know what the substance is, consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for hazards and clean-up instructions. If the release is small enough and can be cleaned up easily and isolated safely, handle it as a “Simple Spill” and clean it up as part of your normal job duties.

• You can also find the SDS using the ChemWatch program found at uwosh.edu/ehs.

• If the SDS is not available or the substance is unknown and the severity of the hazard cannot be determined, please contact:
  1. Your immediate supervisor
     *If the supervisor cannot identify the substance or cannot be reached, then call:*
  2. Campus Environmental Health and Safety (EHS), Chemical Hygiene and Hazardous Materials Officer, (920) 424-1488 or
  3. University Police Department, (920) 424-1212

• If you determine that an imminent hazard (i.e. serious fire or major injury) exists, immediately contact University Police at (920) 424-1212 and evacuate the area. Next, contact your supervisor and the EHS officer.

Call 911 if a medical emergency exists.

Note: Whenever handling chemicals or hazardous waste, employees have the right and are required to have the appropriate SDS available for immediate consultation. Also, it always is a good practice to consult the SDS prior to handling any chemical or hazardous waste.
Disturbance

If you are a victim or a witness of a verbally abusive individual or disruptive event:

• Call personally or have someone else call University Police (424-1212).
• Identify your name, location and need for assistance. Stay on the phone with the dispatcher and follow any directions given.
• Stay calm and be supportive to others who may be experiencing verbal abuse.
• If you can, remove yourself or the targeted staff member to his/her office and lock the door.
• Attempt to diffuse the situation. Acknowledge anger, but calmly ask the abusive person to leave.
• If the person still will not leave, advise them that the police have been called and that they must leave immediately.
• Never endanger yourself needlessly or continue to argue with an abusive person. Any expression of violence or weapons should be reported to University Police immediately at (920) 424-1212.
Fire

If you see fire or smoke in your immediate area:

• **Activate the fire alarm.** Pull the nearest fire alarm station. Call 911 to report the location of the fire/smoke and any other pertinent information. If the call cannot be made safely from the building, call as soon as you find a safe place.

• **Remove anyone in immediate danger.** Advise students, staff and visitors to evacuate the building. Evacuate the building via the closest exit doors located away from the fire. **Do not use elevators.** Assist handicapped individuals to the nearest stairwell landing and advise police and/or firemen of their location. Move well away from the building (500 feet is recommended).

• **Confine and contain.** Close all doors as you leave the building. **Do not lock the doors.**

• **Extinguish.** Do this only if you know the location of a nearby extinguisher and can do so without endangering your safety.

If you hear a fire alarm:

• You must evacuate the building. Ensure that all present in your area also evacuate.

• Shut the door, **but do not lock the door.**

• Do not delay your evacuation. But, if possible, take your backpack, briefcase, purse and coat with you.

• Evacuate the building via the nearest fire exit and remain well away from the building (**at least 500 feet**), until informed by a University Police officer that you may re-enter.

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**When to DIAL 911:**

Call 911 in all emergencies.

Note: Dial 9-911 from a University phone.
Medical Emergency

- **Do not** approach people who have been injured by electrocution or toxic exposure, unless they are clearly away from the hazard.
- **Do not** move a seriously injured person, unless they are in an unsafe area. If the victim must be moved, move as a unit, always supporting the head and neck.
- **Do not** bend or twist the injured person’s body.
- **Call 911** and report the following information:
  - Location of the emergency.
  - What happened?
  - Number of people injured.
  - Is the injured person conscious?
  - Is the injured person breathing?
  - Is there severe bleeding?
- After calling 911, stay with the victim until help arrives.
- Restore or maintain breathing and heartbeat.
- Stop severe bleeding with direct pressure when possible.
- Keep victim warm.
- Follow the instructions of the 911 dispatcher.

**When to DIAL 911:**
Call 911 in all emergencies.
Note: Dial 9-911 from a University phone.
Severe Weather

Watches
When conditions are right, a severe weather watch may be issued. Continue with normal activities, but monitor the situation.

Warnings
When severe weather is imminent, be prepared to move to shelter.

- Remain indoors and away from all windows until the severe storm passes. If large hail begins to fall and you are outside, seek shelter immediately.
- Report any injuries or damage by calling:
  Injuries- 911
  Damage- 424-1212
- Be prepared to give the following information:
  Your name.
  Building name.
  Type of injury or damage.
  Location of injured person(s) or building damage.
  Room number you are calling from.

Tornado Watch or Warning

Tornado Watch
The National Weather Service issues a tornado watch when conditions are favorable for the formation of a tornado. A watch does not mean that a tornado has been sighted. However, you should remain aware of current or changing local weather conditions.
When a tornado watch is issued for our area:

- University Police will send a Titan Alert notice through text and email.
- University Police may send additional messaging through LED message boards.
- University Police call selected administrative offices that are responsible for passing information on to others in their area.
- Advise staff, students and visitors of the tornado watch.
- Monitor weather conditions locally by observation or via a local radio station.

Tornado Warning

A tornado warning is issued when a tornado has been spotted and people in its path are in danger. The University Police will send a Titan Alert notice for tornado warnings only when time permits. Tornado warnings are announced by the National Weather Service via radio and by local authorities via emergency service radios and Civil Defense warning sirens. These may be the only notices of a warning you will receive.

When a tornado warning is issued:

- The emergency warning sirens will sound.
- Do not pull the fire alarm for tornado warnings.
- Do not evacuate occupants of buildings.
- Everyone should move from offices and classrooms to an interior hallway. If time permits, attempt to move to the lowest-possible level of the building.
- Take mobile phones, bottled water or soda with you, if available. Do not stop at vending machines to purchase these items while taking shelter.
- Sit on the floor with your back to the interior wall.
- Cover your head with your arms.
- Stay as far away as possible from furniture, windows and exterior doors and exits.
- Remain in the building unless told to evacuate by police or fire personnel.
Active Shooter

An active shooter is a person who is using a firearm or other weapon with the intent to injure or kill others. Law enforcement personnel will deploy to the location of the active shooter with the primary goal of stopping the shooter.

An active shooter incident can occur under a variety of circumstances, so no one set of guidelines is able to cover specific actions to take in every situation. Even so, familiarity with the following information can help with planning your own survival strategy in a variety of incidents.

When an active shooter is OUTSIDE your building or room:
- If unable to escape the area safely, proceed to a room that can be locked. On your way to escape or shelter, tell as many people as possible to do the same.
- Lock all doors and windows, turn off the lights and silence your mobile phones.
- When safe to do so, call 911 and be prepared to advise the dispatcher of:
  - Your location.
  - Your name.
  - The number of people in the room with you.
  - Any and all information about the shooter and the shooter’s actions and location.
- Remain in the room until advised by law enforcement personnel to exit the building. Do not respond to unidentified or unrecognized voice commands.
- Officers will enter your building and check each room. If you have not been contacted within one hour, call 911 for further instructions.

When an active shooter is INSIDE your building:
- Locate the nearest exit and determine whether you can exit the building safely.
- If you can safely leave the building, do so by following the instructions listed below under “How to exit a building safely.”
- If you cannot escape, determine if the room you are in or near can be locked or otherwise secured. If so, follow the procedures as indicated above.
When an active shooter enters your office or classroom:
• Attempt to escape the area if you can.
• If you cannot escape, attempt to overpower the shooter with force or an improvised weapon.

How to exit a building safely:
• Have a route planned before attempting to leave.
• Do not attempt to carry anything with you while fleeing.
• Move quickly as you exit the building. If you encounter the police, show your hands and follow their commands.
• Do not attempt to treat or remove injured people, but note their locations so that you may provide the information to emergency responders.
• Proceed to a safe location, but do not leave campus unless directed to do so or it is necessary to maintain your safety. Keep in mind that the entire area is still a crime scene, and officers will need to obtain information from you before you leave.
• Remain at the designated assembly area until you are released.
• Always comply with commands from law enforcement officers.

What to expect from responding officers:
Police officers responding to an active shooter may be wearing regular uniforms, special tactical gear, or sometimes plain clothes with a visible badge, but they will be clearly identified as law enforcement officers.
• Responding officers may point firearms at you while seeking the threat. This is a normal part of their training and response. Avoid any sudden furtive movements and obey all officer commands. Keep your hands visible to officers at all times.
• Responding officers are trained to proceed immediately to the area where shooting is taking place to neutralize the threat. If you are injured, they will not stop to assist you.
• Another group of officers and/or tactical medics will follow to provide medical assistance and help with evacuation.
• Remain calm and immediately comply with all commands from law enforcement officers.
Suspicious Letter or Package

How to identify a suspicious letter or package:
Use reasonable judgment in identifying suspicious mail. Packages or letters exhibiting characteristics listed below may raise suspicions, particularly if several of the items on the list below are present. Note whether you are familiar with the addressee or the address of sender and whether the addressee was expecting package/letter. If so, verify contents. Also check for:

- No return address
- Insufficient postage
- Return address and postmark are not from same area
- Wrapped in brown paper with twine
- Grease-stained or discolored paper
- Strange odors
- Foreign mail, air mail or special delivery
- Restrictive markings, such as confidential, personal, etc.
- Excessive postage
- Hand-written or poorly typed addresses
- Incorrect titles
- Titles but no names
- Misspellings of common words
- Excessive weight
- Rigid envelope
- Lopsided or uneven envelope
- Protruding wires or tinfoil
- Excessive securing material, such as masking tape, string, etc.
- Visual distractions
If a suspicious package is received, notify the University Police immediately at 424-1212.

SUSPICIOUS MAIL OR PACKAGES

Protect yourself, your business, and your mailroom.

If you receive a suspicious letter or package:

- Stop. Don’t handle.
- Isolate it immediately.
- Don’t open, smell, or taste.
- Activate your emergency plan. Notify a supervisor.

If you suspect the mail or package contains a bomb (explosive), or radiological, biological, or chemical threat:

- Isolate area immediately
- Call 911
- Wash your hands with soap and water
FOR SUSPICIOUS LETTERS AND PACKAGES
- First, if there is a known medical emergency or chemical reaction with the mailpiece, call 911.
  If you are unable to verify mail contents with the addressee or sender:
  - Do not open it.
  - Treat it as suspect.
  - Isolate it—don’t handle.
  - Contact building security, if available.
  - Call Postal Inspectors at 1-877-876-2455 (press 2) if the item was received in the U.S. Mail.

FOR A BOMB
- Evacuate immediately.
- Call 911 for police, fire and hazmat unit.
- Call Postal Inspectors at 1-877-876-2455 (press 2) if the item was received in the U.S. Mail.

FOR CHEMICAL, BIOLOGICAL, OR RADIOLOGICAL CONTAMINATION
- Isolate it—don’t handle.
- Wash your hands with soap and warm water.
- Call 911 for police, fire, and hazmat unit.
- Call Postal Inspectors at 1-877-876-2455 (press 2) if the item was received in the U.S. Mail.

FOR AIR CONTAMINATION
- Turn off fans or ventilation units and shut down the air handling system in the building, if possible. Leave area immediately and close the door or section off the area to prevent others from entering it.
- Notify your building security official or a supervisor and call 911.
- If possible, list all people who were in the room or area. Give the list to public health authorities for any needed medical advice and to law enforcement authorities for follow-up.

FOR A PLACED DEVICE
Do not disturb. If you’re unable to verify the owner:
- Evacuate immediately.
- Call 911 for police, fire, and hazmat unit.
Mental Health Emergency

In the event of overtly threatening behavior constituting an immediate threat to self or others, notify University Police at (920) 424-1212.

If you are concerned about:

**STUDENT** — consult with the Dean of Students Office at (920) 424-3100 or the Counseling Center at (920) 424-2061.

**EMPLOYEE** — consult with the Counseling Center/EAP at (920) 424-2061

Express your concerns directly to individual. Make referral in the presence of the individual or accompany them to the center.

**Signs of Potential Concerning Behaviors:**

- Verbal expression of suicidal or violent thoughts;
- Excessively morbid, violent or depressing themes in written assignments;
- Impaired speech or garbled/disjointed thoughts;
- High levels of irritability/angry outbursts;
- Excessive drinking or drug use;
- Severe loss of emotional control;
- Changes in hygiene, speech, attentiveness or social interaction;
- Significant changes in academic and/or work performance;
- Unusual behavior.
Quick Reference Guide
Common Emergency Response

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS
*dial 9-911 from a University phone

Police 911  Fire 911  Poison Control: 1-800-222-1222

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

PROTECT YOURSELF

When Calling 911
*Tell dispatcher your location - include building and room number.
*Answer all the dispatcher’s questions & do NOT hang up until told to do so.
*Follow all directions given by emergency personnel.

CRIMINAL ACTS

Call UW Oshkosh Police
424-1212

CALL 911

MEDICAL EMERGENCY

Medical Emergency
If trained, Begin First Aid
CALL 911
Have another person meet Police & Rescue at designated area to bring personnel to victim

FIRE ALARM OR ACTUAL FIRE

Fire in Building
Evacuate Area & Pull Fire Alarm
Use Nearest Exit
--or-- Alternate Safe Route
Do NOT use Elevators

Call 911
Call from assembly point or neighboring building.

Individuals needing assistance during an evacuation are encouraged to develop personal action plans and contacts in the building.

Stay 500 feet away from building
Do NOT return to building until "All Clear" is given

NATURAL DISASTER / INCLEMENT WEATHER

Natural Disaster
--OR-- Inclement Weather
(Examples: Tornado Thunderstorm, Winter Warnings)

Warning:
Severe weather has actually been sighted in the area

Watch:
Conditions are favorable for the development of severe weather

Seek Appropriate Shelter
Tornado Shelter Area OR Interior Hallway

Stay away from windows
Avoid large rooms
Do NOT use Elevators
Monitor News and Weather Broadcasts